CARE GUIDE

Caring for linen

Linen, polyester/linen and linen/cotton



Understanding linen helps preserve its feel and appearance. Linen likes water: generally, the more it is washed, the more pleasant it becomes. These recommendations cover the care of linen and linen blends.

01 Washing

A gentle detergent

Choose a pH-neutral detergent for delicate fabrics, without optical brighteners. Unlike traditional soaps, many modern detergents contain bleaching agents, so it is worth checking their composition.

Room in the washing machine

Avoid overloading the machine: linen needs to move freely in the water. Keep spinning to the minimum needed to remove water. This will make ironing and finishing easier.

Temperatures and products

Linen type / finish	Hypochlorite[1]	Wash	Neutral detergent	Optical brightener
Natural 1/8 white	Yes*	40 °C	Yes	No
Reactive colours	No	40 °C	Yes	No
Indanthren colours	Yes*	40 °C	Yes	No
Lejiado	No	40 °C	Yes	No

Natural 1/8 white: bleached natural fabric. **Reactive:** colours that are not chlorine-bleach resistant. **Indanthren:** chlorine-bleach resistant colours, with moderate use. **Lejiado:** the natural colour of linen.

[1] Hypochlorite: chlorine bleach. *** Always use sparingly and diluted in water.** The original gives approx. 2 g/kg, without specifying concentration or the calculation basis. Confirm the dosage with the supplier before use.

pH-neutral: detergents for delicate fabrics; the original lists Woolite, Norit and Finosedil. Check the product formulation.

Always follow the garment's care label, especially for blends.

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Ironing and storage

150 °C

Iron while damp

For all four finishes in the table (natural 1/8 white, reactive, Indanthren and lejiado), the recommended ironing temperature is 150 °C, with the fabric damp.

02 If a stain remains

Ink	Soak in milk and allow it to absorb.
Blood	Rinse immediately with cold water.
Wax	Chill with ice and scrape off as much as possible.
Wine	Rub with sparkling water.

03 Professional cleaning

When taking the garment to a dry cleaner, always state whether it is 100% linen or a blend containing linen.

In industrial laundries

01 Wash as a cotton garment.
02 Pay particular attention to the final rinse.
03 Use a gentle spin cycle.
04 Before calendering, confirm the appropriate reducing agent and dosage with the supplier.[2]

How the natural colour changes

Linen's original colour is dark beige. When buying a garment in this shade, check whether it is dyed or naturally coloured. The natural colour gradually fades with sunlight and wear, eventually becoming light beige.

Storing linen

Linen can turn yellow over time. A thorough wash is usually enough to restore its original appearance.

[2] The original refers to a "reductor de hiperclorato". This term does not clearly identify the product; confirm the intended product before use.